

Development Co-operation in the Nordic and Baltic countries:

NGO-to-NGO Training and Networking

27-28, October, 2011, Vilnius, Lithuania 12-14, January, 2012, Vilnius, Lithuania



Development cooperation fact sheet of Finland

Annual aid	2010: €1007.6m / genuine aid €969 m
budget (for 2010,	2011: €1074 m / genuine aid €834,5 m
2011, and 2012 in	2012 (budgeted): €1124 m /genuine aid €883,7 m
EUR)	
Current	Finland's new development policy programme is being currently drafted and is due to be
development aid priorities -	ready by the end of 2011. The priorities listed below are taken from the new government programme's section on development policy (see below).
countries &	programme's section on development policy (see below).
themes (as of	Long term partner countries: Ethiopia, Kenya, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua,
2011/2012)	Tanzania, Vietnam and Zambia.
	First priorities: Poverty reduction and the achievement of the UN millennium development goals (MDGs)
	Main themes: rule of law, democracy, human rights and sustainable development; coherence and the quality and effectiveness of aid
	Special priorities:
	*education
	*decent work
	*reducing youth unemployment
	*improving the status of women and children
	Rio+20 in June 2012 will affect also Finland's development policy in 2012; the main
	focal points for Finland in Rio+20 are forestry, health, and water.
State institutions	Ministry for Foreign Affairs: http://formin.finland.fi/Public/default.aspx?nodeid=15316&contentlan=2&culture=en-
in charge of development	US
cooperation with	
links to the	
homepages of	
these institutions	
Development	Government programme 2011

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cooperation legal	http://www.vn.fi/hallitus/hallitusohjelma/en.jsp
framework in	(see pages 22-23 for development policy)
	(see pages 22-25 for development poncy)
your country (list of documents	Development Deliev Dressren met 2007.
	Development Policy Programme 2007:
and links where	http://formin.finland.fi/Public/default.aspx?contentid=107497
they could be	
accessed in	Reports and background information related to Finnish development policy:
English)	http://formin.finland.fi/Public/default.aspx?nodeid=15458&contentlan=2&culture=en-
	<u>US</u>
National	Kehys - The Finnish NGDO Platform to the EU
development	
cooperation	http://www.kehys.fi/en
platforms	
(organisations,	Kehys works to increase Finnish NGOs' knowledge on the European Union's
No of members,	development policy and development cooperation and promotes its members'
other relevant	opportunities to influence them. Kehys has currently close to 40 member organizations.
information)	
	Through its activities Kehys promotes discussion on issues of EU development policy in Finland and in the EU. It also supports NGOs' cooperation in Finland, in the EU and globally.
	Kehys provides services for its member organisations and other interested actors in areas related to EU's development cooperation and policy and aims to increase the funding opportunities and develop project management capacity for Finnish NGOs.
	Kehys coordinates the working group Environment and Development, in which the discussion about Rio+20 is happening at the moment. Kehys coordinated a statement paper including comments from all 9 major interest groups in Finland and is also preparing a seminar about Rio+20 in March 2012 before the issue is discussed in the Parliament.
	Service Centre for Development Cooperation – KEPA http://www.kepa.fi/international/english
	The Finnish Service Centre for Development Cooperation, KEPA, is the umbrella organisation for Finnish civil society organisations who work with development cooperation or are otherwise interested in global affairs. At the moment KEPA has

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	roughly 300 member organisations. KEPA's main activities include training, advisory services and development policy work. KEPA's headquarters are in Helsinki, and we also have country offices in Mozambique, Nicaragua and Tanzania. Additionally a small regional office covering the Mekong region is based in Thailand. KEPA is a politically non-aligned organisation that receives funding from Finland's Ministry for Foreign Affairs. KEPA has a website regarding the Rio+20 process (in Finnish): <u>http://www.kepa.fi/toiminta/kampanjat-ja-vaikuttaminen/kansainvaliset-</u> <u>kokoukset/2012/rio-yk</u> and their advocacy officer is one of the two representatives in the Extended National Preparation Committee of Finland.
5 key challenges	Some key challenges for the new development policy programme and its implementation:
to your country's development	implementation:
cooperation	• Promoting policy coherence for development, so that different policy sectors
(please be	(trade, agriculture, energy etc.) support the achievement of development policy
specific and use bullet points)	goals
surfer points)	• Integrating sustainable development goals in all development policies and emphasizing the interlinkage of the social, economic and environmental pillars
	• Keeping MDGs and the fundamental goal of poverty reduction at the focus,
	while also analyzing and addressing the challenegs of the post-MDG/2015
	framework
	• Emphasizing the role of civil society by making its voice better heard in development policy processes, and by supporting its functioning in both North and South
	• Improving the quality and effectiveness of aid on the basis of the principles
	stated at the Paris Declaration and the Accra Agenda for Action.
	Two environment related challenges for Finland's development cooperation:
	• Securing enviromental security (food, climate etc.) through PCD
	• Responding to environmental crises more rapidly and efficiently
	 (Climate funding in relation to ODA)

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